The Functional Tolerance Profile

The Functional Tolerance Profile (FTP) also referred to as Client's Estimate of Maximums in the Matheson FCE Software is a very important tool, which when performed correctly serves as a comparison point throughout the FCE in reference to the client's Reliability of Pain and Disability Reports. It is critical that the evaluator learn to perform this interview correctly, as when it is performed incorrectly it is a waste of testing time.

The value of this tool is the comparison of the client's subjective reports to objective findings to examine the consistency of this information throughout the FCE. Furthermore, the Thinking Evaluator will use the conversation around this tool to begin forming a picture of how the client views him/herself in terms of ability/limitations. Additionally, if the client is Reliable in reporting their abilities and limitations, the evaluator can use these functional reports to assist in determining the client's level of ability/limitation. If the client is unreliable, then less weight should be given to this subjective information. Prior to beginning the FTP, familiarize yourself with the client's medical history and diagnosis.

Using the FTP form, or the Matheson FCE Software, interview the client in regard to his/her physical abilities and limitations and find out the reason for any limitations, (e.g., is it due to pain, weakness). The evaluator should be careful not to create too much focus on lengthy descriptions of symptoms for each area of limitation as long descriptions of symptoms do not add value to the FCE.

Procedure

- 1. Review each Physical Demand asking, for example, "When it comes to lifting, do you have any limitations?" and "How much weight can you lift?" or "How much can you lift on a dependable basis?"
- 2. If the client is unaware of his or her ability, follow up with a question like, "Do you do your own grocery shopping? What types of items are difficult to lift?"
- 3. When a limitation is expressed by the client, quantify specifics regarding weights, times, distances, and repetitions; (e.g., Asking if they can lift a ¼, ½, or 1 gallon container of milk is helpful for low functioning clients as each ¼ gallon is about 2 pounds). For sitting tolerance you can ask questions like "what is the longest time you have travelled in a car?" "Did you take any breaks during this trip?" "How many?"
- 4. When a limitation has been presented by the client, the interview should continue with the evaluator asking specifics regarding the reasons a physical ability is difficult (e.g., pain, fatigue). It is also helpful to find out what the client does to manage their pain and functional limitation so you can observe to see if this is consistent with the client's presentation during the evaluation.

- 5. Next, to be of value as a comparison point throughout the FCE, ask questions that will encourage the client to describe the symptoms they experience while performing the various functional tasks. For example "When I sit for longer than 10 minutes I get a burning pain and tingling and I have to get up and walk around to relieve the symptoms." The evaluator will then look for consistency in the time spent sitting prior to symptom report or change in function. Noting the client's reported need to alter function to relieve symptoms and the client's actual function changes will help to further compare the client's subjective reports with objective findings and observations.
- A well-documented description, including information as presented in the following example, will allow the evaluator to compare subjective and objective information strengthening the RPDR Profile.

"I can only sit for 15 minutes at a time because my left leg becomes numb and my low back falls asleep. When I stand, the pain shoots down my leg to my ankle and I have to take a few minutes to stretch. After I do this I can stand and walk without difficulty. I can return to sitting after about 10 minutes of being on my feet." This information can be compared to later performance in the clinic. (Note that if the client is currently in a seated position his limitation should manifest if he remains seated for more than 15 minutes).

Copyright Matheson Education and Training Solutions

For use by Matheson Trained Evaluators ONLY

Functional Tolerance Profile

Name:		Date:
Position	Client's Estimate	Limited by (Sx, be specific)
Sitting:		
Standing:		
Walking:		
Climbing:		
Balance:		
Stooping:		
Kneeling:		
Crouching:		
Reaching:		
Lifting:		
Carrying:		
Handling:		
Fingering:		
Feeling:		

Driving:

1. The Client

Reported Fur	ictional Loierances	
	Client's Estimate of Current Ability	Limited By
Position		
Static Standing		
Dynamic Standing		
Walking		
Sitting		
Weight/Force		
Lifting 1 Floor to Knuckle		
Lifting 2 Knuckle to Shoulder		
Lifting 3		
Shoulder to Overhead		
Carrying		
*Pushing		
*Pulling		
Agility		
Climbing		
Balancing		
Stooping		
Crouching		
Crawling		
Twisting/Spinal Rotation		
Low-Level Work		
Prolonged Neck Positioning		

Dexterity	
Reaching Forward	
Handling	
Fingering	
Above-Shoulder Work	
Pinching	
Writing	

Repetitive Movement Tests

Test	Time of	Pain	Comments
	Day	Rating	
Overhead Reaching x 10			
Overhead Reaching x 10			
Overhead Reaching x 10			
Forward Reaching x 10			
Forward Reaching x 10			
Forward Reaching x 10			
Stooping x 10			
Stooping x 10			
Stooping x 10			
Sit/Stand Test x 10			
Sit/Stand Test x 10			
Sit/Stand Test x 10			
Crouching x 5			
Crouching x 5			
Crouching x 5			
50' Walk Test			
50' Walk Test			
50' Walk Test			
COMMENTS: Willingness to move			
Quality, rhythm, speed of	movement _		
Symmetry of movement _			
Consistency of mayoment			

Copyright Matheson Education and Training Solutions for Matheson Trained Evaluator Use ONLY

The Visual Analogue Pain Scale Instructions

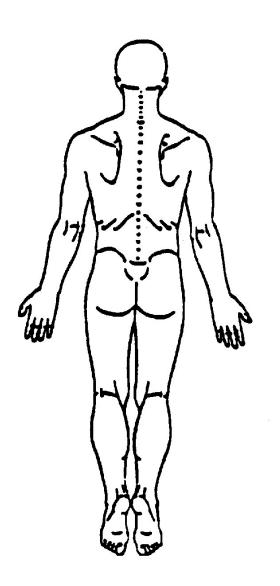
Place a mark (-) across each of the three lines to indicate your pain <u>today</u>, your <u>worst pain</u> over the past 30 days, and your pain on the <u>best day</u> over the last 30 day. Indicate how bad your pain is between the extremes of "No Pain At All" on the bottom of the lines and "Pain As Bad As It Could Be" on the top of the lines.

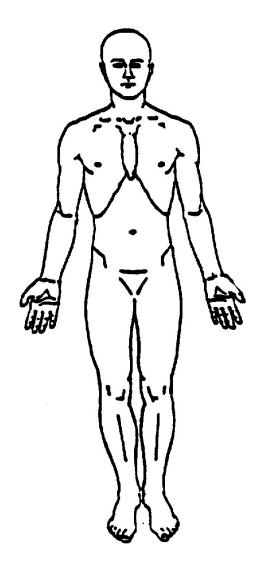
PAIN TODAY	PAIN OVER THE WORST DAY	
Pain As Bad As It Could Be	Pain As Bad As it Could Be	
No Pain At All	No Pain At All	No Pain At All

The Ransford Pain Drawing Instructions to the Client

Indicate where your pain is located and what type of pain you feel at the present time. Use the symbols below to describe your pain. Do not indicate areas of pain which are not related to your present injury or condition.

Key /// Stabbing XXX Burning	000 Pins and Needles	= $=$ $=$ Numbness
------------------------------	----------------------	--------------------





The Oswestry Low Back Disability Questionnaire

How long have you had back pain?	Years	Months	Weeks
How long have you had leg pain?	Years	Months	Weeks

Please read:

This questionnaire has been designed to give the doctor information as to how your back pain has affected your ability to manage in everyday life. Please answer every section, and mark in each section only the *one box* which applies to you. We realize you may consider that two of the statements in any one section relate to you, but please just *mark the box which most closely describes your problem*.

Section 1 – Pain Intensity	Section 3 – Standing
I can tolerate the Pain I have without having to use pain killers.	I can stand as long as I want without extra pain.
The pain is bad but I manage with taking pain killers.	I can stand as long as I want but it gives me extra pain.
Pain killers give complete relief from pain.	Pain prevents me from standing for more than 1 hour.
Pain killers give moderate relief from pain.	Pain prevents me from standing for more than 30 minutes.
Pain killers give very little relief from pain.	Pain prevents me from standing for more than 10 minutes.
Pain killers have no effect on the pain and I do not use them.	Pain prevents me from standing at all.

Section 2 – Personal Care	Section 4 – Sleeping
(Washing, Dressing, etc.)	
I can look after myself normally without causing extra pain.	Pain does not prevent me from sleeping well.
I can look after myself normally but it causes extra pain.	I can sleep well only by using tablets.
It is painful to look after myself and I am slow and careful.	Even when I take tablets I have less than six
	hours sleep.
I need some help but manage most of my personal care.	Even when I take tablets I have less than five
	hours sleep.
I need help every day in most aspects of self care.	Even when I take tablets I have less than two
	hours sleep.
I do not get dressed, was with difficulty and stay in bed.	Pain prevents me from sleeping at all.

Section 5 - Lifting	Section 8 – Sex Life
I can lift heavy weights without extra pain.	My sex life is normal and causes no extra pain.
I can lift heavy weights but it gives extra pain.	My sex life is normal but causes some pain.
Pain prevents me from lifting heavy weights off the floor, but I can manage if they are conveniently positioned.	My sex life is normal but it is very painful.
Pain prevents me from lifting heavy weights but I can manage light to medium weights if they are conveniently positioned.	My sex life is severely restricted by pain.
I can lift only very light weights.	My sex life is nearly absent because of pain.
I cannot lift or carry anything at all.	Pain prevents any sex life at all.

Section 6 - Walking	Section 9 – Social Life
Pain does not prevent me from walking any distance.	My social life is normal and gives me no extra pain.
Pain prevents me from walking more than 1 mile.	My social life is normal but increases the degree of pain.
Pain prevents me walking more than ½ mile.	Pain has no significant effect on my social life apart from limiting my more energetic interests, eg dancing, etc.
Pain prevents me walking more than 1/4 mile.	Pain has restricted my social life and I do not go out as often.
I can only walk using a stick or crutches.	Pain has restricted my social life to my home.
I am in bed most of the time and have to crawl to the toilet.	I have no social life because of pain.

Section 7 - Sitting	Section 10 – Traveling
I can sit in any chair as long as I like.	I can travel anywhere without extra pain.
I can only sit in my favorite chair as long as I like.	I can travel anywhere but it gives me extra pain.
Pain prevents me sitting more than 1 hour.	Pain is bad but I can manage journeys over two
	hours.
Pain prevents me sitting more than ½ hour.	Pain restricts me to journeys of less than 1 hour.
Pain prevents me sitting more than ¼ hour.	Pain restricts me to short necessary journeys
	under 30 mins.
Pain prevents me from sitting at all.	Pain prevents me from travelling except to the
	doctor or hospital.

Comments:			

The Neck Disability Index

This questionnaire has been designed to give your therapist information as to how your neck pain has affected you in your everyday life activities. Please answer each section, marking only ONE box which best describes your status today.

Section I –	— Pain Intensity
	I have no pain at the moment.
	The pain is very mild at the moment.
	The pain is moderate at the moment.
	The pain is fairly severe at the moment.
	The pain is very severe at the moment
	The pain is the worst imaginable at the moment.
Section 2—	- Personal Care (Washing, dressing, etc.)
	I can look after myself normally without causing extra pain.
	I can look after myself normally but it causes me extra pain.
	It is painful to look after myself and I am slow and careful.
	I need some help but manage most of my personal care.
	I need help every day in most aspects of self care.
	I do not get dressed, wash with difficulty and stay in bed.
Section 3—	-Lifting
	I can lift heavy weights without extra pain.
	I can lift heavy weights but it gives extra pain.
	Pain prevents me from lifting heavy weights off the floor, but I can
	manage if they are conveniently positioned, for example on a table.
	Pain prevents me from lifting heavy weights but I can manage light to
_	medium weights if they are conveniently positioned.
	I can lift only very lightweights.
	I cannot lift or carry anything at all.
Section 4—	- Reading
	I can read as much as I want to with no pain in my neck.
	I can read as much as I want to with slight pain in my neck.
	I can read as much as I want with moderate pain in my neck.
	I can't read as much as I want because of moderate pain in my neck.
	I can hardly read at all because of severe pain in my neck.
	I cannot read at all.
Section 5 –	— Headache
	I have no headache at all.
	I have slight headaches which come infrequently.
	I have moderate headaches which come infrequently.
	I have moderate headaches which come frequently.
	I have severe headaches which come frequently.
	I have headaches almost all the time.
	I have moderate headaches which come infrequently. I have moderate headaches which come frequently. I have severe headaches which come frequently.

Section 6 —	- Concentration
	I can concentrate fully when I want to with no difficulty.
	I can concentrate fully when I want to with slight difficulty.
	I have a fair degree of difficulty in concentrating when I want to.
	I have a lot of difficulty in concentrating when I want to.
	I have a great deal of difficulty in concentrating when I want to.
	I cannot concentrate at all.
Section 7—	
	I can do as much as I want to.
	I can only do my usual work but no more.
	I can do most of my usual work, but no more.
	I cannot do my usual work.
	I can hardly do any work at all.
	I can't do any work at all.
Section 8—	Driving
	I can drive my car without any neck pain.
	I can drive my car as long as I want with slight pain in my neck.
	I can drive my car as long as I want with moderate pain in my neck.
	I can't drive my car as long as I want because of moderate pain in my
	neck.
	I can hardly drive at all because of severe pain in my neck.
	I can't drive my car at all.
	1 can't drive my car at an.
Section 9—	Sleeping
	I have no trouble sleeping.
	My sleep is slightly disturbed (less than 1 hour sleep loss).
	My sleep is mildly disturbed (1-2 hour sleep loss).
	My sleep is moderately disturbed (2-3 hours sleep loss).
	My sleep is greatly disturbed (3-5 hours sleep loss).
	My sleep is completely disturbed (5-7 hours sleep loss),,
Section 10–	- Recreation
	I am able to engage in all my recreational activities with no neck pain at
	all.
	I am able to engage in all my recreational activities with some pain in my
_	neck.
	I am able to engage in most but not all of my usual recreational activities
	because of pain in my neck.
	I am able to engage in a few of my usual recreational activities because of
	pain in my neck.
	I can hardly do any recreational activities because of pain in my neck.
	I can't do any recreational activities at all.
Commenter	
Comments:	

The McGill Pain Questionnaire Instructions to the Client

There are many words that describe pain. Some of these are grouped below. Look at each group of words and circle any word which describes the pain you are experiencing right now. Continue until you have finished all 20 word groups. You should choose only one word from every word group but you do not have to choose a word from every word group. If none of the words in a particular word group describes your pain, go to the next word group.

1. Flickering Quivering Pulsing Throbbing Beating Pounding	2. Jumping Flashing Shooting	3. Pricking Boring Drilling Stabbing Lancinating	4. Sharp Cutting Lacerating
5. Pinching Pressing Gnawing Cramping Crushing	6. Tugging Pulling Wrenching	7. Hot Burning Scalding Searing	8. Tingling Itchy Smarting Stinging
9. Dull Sore Hurting Aching Heavy	10. Tender Taut Rasping Splitting	11. Tiring Exhausting	12. Sickening Suffocating
13. Fearful Frightful Terrifying	14. Punishing Grueling Cruel Vicious Killing	15. Wretched Blinding	16. Annoying Troublesome Miserable Intense Unbearable
17. Spreading Radiating Penetrating Piercing	18. Tight Numb Drawing Squeezing Tearing	19. Cool Cold Freezing	20. Nagging Nauseating Agonizing Dreadful Torturing

The Dallas Pain Questionnaire Instructions

Mark an "X" along the line that expresses your thoughts from 0% to 100% in each section. Read each statement carefully. There are words to help you with each statement. If you need help, please ask.

Section I: Pain Intensity

None		Some			All the time
0% (:	::	:	::	:)100%
Section II: Personal	Care				
-	interfere with you	r personal	care (getting ou	t of bed,	teeth brushing, dressing,
etc.)?					
					I cannot get
None					out of bed
(no pain)		Some			
0% (::	:	:	:	:)100%
Section III: Lifting					
How much limitation	do you notice in li	fting?			
None					I cannot lift
		Some			anything
(I can lift as I did))100%
(I can lift as I did) 0% (:	·:	:	·	·	
0% (:		:	:	·	······································
0% (:::::::		efore your	injury or back to	rouble, ho	ow much does pain restri
0% (:: Section IV: Walking Compared to how far		efore your		rouble, ho	ow much does pain restric
Section IV: Walking Compared to how far your walking now?	you could walk be	efore your	injury or back to	rouble, ho	•

None, pain I cannot sit

Back pain limits my sitting in a chair to:

same as before	Some		at all	
0% (::	::::::	_::_)100%	
Section VI: Standing				
-	ain interfere with your tolerance	to stand for long	periods?	
new mach aces your pe	an interiore with your terefunce	to stand for rong	perious.	
None			I cannot	
Same as before	Some		stand	
0% (:	::::::	_::_)100%	
S4' VIII. Sl'				
Section VII: Sleeping	tanfana with wayn alaanin a?			
now much does pain in	terfere with your sleeping?			
None		I canno	t	
Same as before	Some	sleep at		
0% (:	: :	:)10		
	% Daily Activities Interference.	ence)		
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in		ŕ	ng out, eating with	n friends,
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in	<u>ife</u>	ŕ	ng out, eating with	n friends,
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in etc.)?	<u>ife</u>	ŕ		
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in etc.)? None	ife terfere with your social life (dan	ŕ	No activ	ities
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some	ŕ	No activ	ities
Section VIII: Social L. How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some	ŕ	No activ	ities
Section VIII: Social L. How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some	ŕ	No activ	ities
Section VIII: Social L. How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before 0% (:	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some	ŕ	No activ	ities
Section VIII: Social L. How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before 0% (:	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some	ŕ	No active total loss	ities 5)100%
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before 0% (:	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	ŕ	No activ total loss :	ities 100% innot
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before 10% (: Section IX: Traveling How much does pain in the same as before	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	ncing, games, goir	No activ total loss :	ities 100% nnot vel
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before 10% (: Section IX: Traveling How much does pain in the same as before	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	ncing, games, goir	No activ total loss :	ities 100% innot
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before 0% (:	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	ncing, games, goir	No activ total loss :	ities 100% nnot vel
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before 0% (: Section IX: Traveling How much does pain in None Same as before 0% (: Section X: Vocational	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some : : : terfere with traveling in a car? Some : : : : :	ncing, games, goir	No activ total loss :	ities 100% nnot vel
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before 0% (:	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some : : : terfere with traveling in a car? Some : : : : :	ncing, games, goir	No activ total loss :	ities 100% nnot vel
None Section IX: Traveling How much does pain in etc.)? Section IX: Traveling How much does pain in experience of the e	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some : : : terfere with traveling in a car? Some : : : : :	ncing, games, goir	No activ total loss :	ities 5
Section VIII: Social L How much does pain in etc.)? None Same as before 0% (:	ife terfere with your social life (dan Some : : : terfere with traveling in a car? Some : : : : :	ncing, games, goir	No activ total loss : Ca tra	ities innot vel 100%

Section XI: Anxiety							
How much control de	o you feel that yo	ou have ov	ver demand	s made on	you?		
(No Change)							
Total			Some			None	;
100% (:_	::	:_	:	:	_:	:)0%
Section XII: Emoti	anal Cantral						
How much control de		ave over y	our emotion	ns?			
(No Change)							
Total			Some			None	
100% (:	:	:	:	:	:	:)0%
No depressed Significantly 0% (:			·	:	:	by Do	whelmed epression _)100%
(X 5 = Section XIV: Interp		-	ion Interfe	rence)			
How much do you th			your relati	onships wi	th others?		
Not Changed						Drastically	Change
0% (:	<u> </u>	_:	:_	:		•	_)100%
Section XV: Social How much support d fixing meals, etc.)?		others to	help you dı	uring this c	onset of pain	(taking over	r chores,
None Needed			Some .			the Time	

Section	n XVI: Punish	ning Respo	<u>nse</u>					
How m	nuch do you thi	nk others ex	xpress irrita	tion, frustrat	ion or anger	toward yo	u because	of your pain?
None				Some			1	All the Time
0% (::	:	:	::	::	::	:)100%
(X 5 =	% Soc	ial Interes	t Interferen	ce			

Waddell's Non-Organic Signs

Data Collection Form

SIGNS	ORGANIC	NON-ORGANIC	+/-
1. Superficial tenderness	Musculoskeletal boundaries	Non-anatomic	
2. Deep tenderness	Musculoskeletal boundaries	Non-anatomic	
3. Axial loading	Neck pain	Low Back Pain	
4. Simulated Rotation	Nerve root pain	Low Back Pain	
5. Straight leg raise	Limited supine-no improvement with distraction	>40 degree improvement with distraction	
6. Motor weakness	Myotomal	Regional, jerky, giving way.	
7. Sensory Loss	Dermatomal	Regional, jerky, giving way.	

Placebo Tests

Data Collection Form

PLACEBO TESTS	POSITIVE/NEGATIVE
Ankle Dorsiflexion Test	
Wrist Flexion/Extension Test	
Patellar Shift Test	
Isolated Finger Distraction Test	
Olecranon Shift Test	

Chronic Pain Assessment/Questionnaires

Summary Sheet

stionnaire/Assessment rpretation	Score		
Visual Analogue Scale		cm	
Functional Pain Scale		/10	
Ransford Drawing		points	
McGill Pain Questionnaire		points	
Inappropriate Symptom Questionnaire		/7	
Oswestry Low Back Disability		%	
Oswestry Neck Disability		%	
Dallas Pain Questionnaire - Factor I		%	
- Factor II		%	
- Factor III		%	
- Factor IV		%	
Questionnaire			